suresentatives and seven Senators opposed to Lincontract committee consists of Van Wyck, Wash-

be schopper Enchantress, from Boston, has been capby the Privateer Jeff. Davis.

ROARING RUN, VA., July 10th, 1861. region's column is feeling its way cautiously. The left on the approach of the invaders. berners seem to have been reinforced since hearing of Internists] approach, and are working with great en-

dellan feels the Southerners this afternoon. NEW YORK, July 13, a. m.

sales of 500 bales yesterday at 154c. Sr. Louis, Mo., July 12th, 1861. houses of the patriots were newly opened on Thursing, though not for an illumination. osich Garden-keepers and actors are not now so of their fellow soldiers Zeigle and Boernstein. unber of foreigners are reported as leaving the city

f Col. McNeill's reserved guard have rethe type and paper from the State Journal office. mg at order from Gen. Lyon, prohibiting its further

smedial dispatch from Warsaw to the St. Louis Repubreiterates the annihilation of Zeigle's command.

Boston, July 12th, 1861. amivateer Jeff. Davis has captured three vessels off

HOARING RUN, Va., July 13th, 1861. a took place yesterday at Rich Mountain. It is and two thousand Southerners, under Col. Peto the Federal forces. The fight is said freed for one hour and a half-that the Southerners a begging 60 killed, and many wounded and prisonax gold and some horses. The Federal loss is said to and forty wounded.

LOUISVILLE, July 13, 1861. making dispatch has been received here dated " CINCINNATI, July 12, 1861. tice:-Gen. McClellan has captured the enan of the enemy at Laurel Hill, Va., including guns, surous and many prisoners, among whom were Their loss is severe, and ours very small mais lost on our side.

LARS ANDERSON." CINCINNATI, July 13th, 1861-A. M. elers of has things all mixed up. The camp at Laurel to mil been laken.

LATER

RICHMOND, VA., July 13, 1861-P. M. are is nothing of interest by passengers from any

Monrag, July 13th, 1861-P. M. and as from St. Louis and Chicago are unfavorable to prio's at Vernon, but those from Quincey, in the neigh the battle field, from whence the only reliable

Smitch from Roaring Run, (Va.,) to the Cincinnat ous to the battle, says that the Federalists are agend strong. Pegram's command numbered 2,000. fontgomery's banditti is devastating the

-The Mary Goodell has arrived here. She been boarded by the Privateer Jeff. Davis, the has captured several prizes within the past

Talliferro, son-in-law of Senator Mas been wrested as a spy. In the Senate, the bill pro-I r additional paymasters and the force bill, have In the House, the civil as propriations and the 500,want of money is the reason given for discharging of

s in the Patent Office. serve fund of \$-0.000 has dwindled down to three in consultation with an Alabama "nigger," who I five regiments and 18 field pieces are in and a ound from privateers has passed. Among other information the contra-[the Alabama nigger] informed Scott that everycates the Southerners are about to retreat.

-ville-Indge Logan, associated with Judge Murin,

rail road case, publishes a dissenting opinion. make .- Four men have been arrested being impli-15. Mo -There is great excitement here in conse he suppression of the State Journal by order of no disturbance has yet taken place. Five huns are under arms at different points of the City. os try. The Missourians are gathering around The invaders have been under arms every night headay last, expecting an attack. The same con-

at things exist at Lexington. Reinforcements -mly artiflery, are needed. TILL LATER AND HIGHLY IM-

PERTANT.

RICHMOND, July 14th, 1861-7:50 P. M. Threday last a detachment of Cavalry, six miles from ews, encountered a detachment of the enemy. elatter were killed and twelve taken prisoners. es from Stannton to-day state that reports were that place, when they left, that the Confederate met with severe reverses at Laurel Hill. One rethat 1,600 men under Heck, had surrendered undred miles from Staunton, and that Garnett's had been compelled to evacuate Laurel Hill. we reports require confirmation. There has evi in hard fighting in that section.

will appear in the Richmond Dispatch to-morrow ed Laurel Hill, July 7th, which says " another ess for the Confederate troops.

and about a mile off. The excitement increased movement of the Georgia regiment and cavalry. rein regiment held the enemy in check, and fire until three o'clock in the afternoon, killing g many of the Federal forces. ee o'clock the Georgians retired and their posi-

pied by other regiments. offer to the Dispatch dated Laurel Hill, the 9th ing to continued fight, says that the gallant nder Col Ramsey, again engaged the enemy and until a late hour in the day p a continuous fire. The Georgians left the ground hour in the day, without having a man killed or incliburg Republican of to-morrow morning will

on last Wednesday morning, a skirmish occurred twelve miles from Winchester, when two federal were killed and three taken prisoners. Our forces nothing of interest from Manassas, Alexandria,

Letcher, under a requisition from the Secretary e, will publish his proclamation to-morrow, calling diate service the militia of all the counties north to the Valley of the State, N rth of James River. mnati Enquirer of the 10th inst., confirms the the capture by O. Jennings Wise, of three comof Federal troops

themy now occupy Phillippa, Buckhannon, Beverley lington, which the Enquirer thinks may hem in Gen. LOUISVILLE, Ky., July 15th, 1861.

se Rich Mountain fight has fizzled out. e latest despatch states that the Southerners were eight ed strong, and had with them two cannon. The South was seventy-five killed and about as many wound The Federal loss eleven killed and thirty-five wounded. above statement is approved by General McClellan, as own dispatch to Washington reports his loss as twenled and forty wounded. The entire the invaders had laid their plans for a certain

lest his way, McClellan waited all day for the signal, he did not get, and the enterprise resulted in the disament of eight hundred men by five invading regiments. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 14th, 1861, te two ladies who enveigled the Connecticut captain

win to his capture, have been arrested and held prisas a guarantee for Goodwin's return.

the number of Congress from Missouri, has been exd for having served under the Missouri State law as a BOSTON, July 14, 1861.

French steamer with Admiral on board, has arrived at all t will sail South. ligate Vincennes is looking for the privateer Jeff

RICHMOND, July 15th, 1861. hountain thoroughfares are confused, unreliable, ery way unsatisfactory. One passenger in high ositi n. states that only three companies of Conseverely wounded and taken prisoner. About ralists are reported killed. Many Confederates ere supposed to be killed or taken prisoners, have Eastern coun'y, was also engaged. reached the Confederate Camp unit jured. However the interest of the public for reliable news about e, it is impossible yet to obtain it. on prisoners were brought here to-day from York-

Flant War News from Missourl and Western irgini .-- Capture of Fed ralists by Ben McCal. ugh-Confederate Steamer sumter and Prizes--he light at Laurel Hill-Later from Europe,

MEMPHIS, TENN., July 15th, 1861. News reached Little Rock (Ark.) on yesterday, via Poca-

attacked 14,000 Federal troops at Springfield, Missouri, killing nine hundred Federalists, and the balance surrendered unconditionally. Two hundred Southerners were killed. CINCINNATI, OHIO, July 15th, 1861.

regiments, are going up the Kanawha. Col. Woodruff's regiment landed one mile below Guyandotte. [Guyandotte is situated in Cabell county, Virginia, on the Ohio river 228 miles below Wheeling, and 360 miles W. by N. of Richmond. It is an important point of steam- the owner of the trunk being advised of a masked battery has been put in almost a complete state of defence, the place and Covington, to connect with the Central Railroad. Guyandotte contains 1 or 2 churches, and, perhaps, 1,000

Woodruff arrested twenty citizens, and killed one. LOUISVILLE, KY., July 15th, 1861. Cotton [Collector of port] places an agent at Russellville on to-morrow. [Russellville is the capital of Logan county, the State standard. Ky., on the State Road from Louisville to Nashville, 180 miles S. W. of Frankfort - JOURNAL.]

Gen. McClellan occupies Beverly, Va. The Confederates are concentrating at Laurel Hill, whence it is reported they will again retreat without a general bat-

ern Missouri, are up to the 8th inst.

BALTIMORE, July 15th, 1861.

the confidence in the Confederate leaders is unbounded, Sr. Louis, Mo , July 15th, 1861. Gen. Raines dispersed without the loss of a man has been ordered to rendezvous in Calloway county as speedily as VERY LATEST FROM THE SEAT OF possible. Young men are leaving in tens and hundreds for

the rendezvous. In the Western part of the State Gov. Jackson's followers are becoming bold and deflant. All telegraphic communication has been cut off from

New York, July 15th, 1861. ed and carried into Cuban ports six prizes. The authori- with safety. ties will hold the prizes, pending advices from Spain. The Sumter has been ordered to sea.

The sloop-of-war Wyoming, at Panama, would proceed on a cruise on the 5th inst., under Lieut. Murray. Commander Mitchell ; Lieuts. Porter and Hackett, and Engineer Lening have resigned.

Lieut. Spryock, of the Saranac, has also resigned. NEW ORLEANS, July 15th, 1º61. Lieut. Col. Dreux's remains were conveyed to their last resting place on yesterday evening. The funeral procession eclipsed everything yet seen here. The line of march from the starting point to the Cemetery was thronged with people. The ceremonies were most solemn and impressive.

Boston, July 15th, 1861. Hon. Mathias Appleton is dead. NEW YORK, July 16th, 1861. The steamship Cahawba, with advices from Fort Pickens to the 5th, and Key West to the 9th inst., has arrived here.

pursuit of the steamer Sumfer. CARTHAGE, N. Y., July 15th, 1861. The business portion of Carthage has been burned.

CINCINNATI, July 15th, 1861. A special dispatch to the Gazette reports Laurel Hill as evacuated on the night of the 11th The Confederates were overtaken by the advance of the rederal troops on the 12th, when the rear showed battle to

At the next ford Gen. Garnett was killed. Col. Ramsey, of Georgia, succeeded Gen. G., and the pursuit ceased. The result of the whole affair is that Laurel Hill camp. with equippage, forty baggage wagons, field chest, two regimental banners, four Georgia Captains and one Lieutenant

Gen. Garnett's body is at headquarters awaiting orders from Richmond.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 15, 1861. The bogus Virginia Senators have been sworn in. In the House a resolution to adjourn on Friday has pass-

In the Senate a resolution authorizing the Secretary of the Gen. McClellan's official dispatches confirm Gen. Gar-

nett's death, with two hundred of his troops killed and one thousand taken prisoners, and seven guns captured. The army appropriat on bill has passed the Senate. The Senate bill increasing the military establishment, to

be reduced at the o tion of Congress, has passed. The House bill defining and providing a penalty for con spiracy has passed.

Seward has made a reclamation on the Spanish government for the surrender of the prizes carried into Cuba by the steamer Sumter.

Chesapeake blockade. A despatch received at the Mexican Legation announces the death of O. Campo and Gen. DeGallado.

The resolution calling for a National Convention to adjust the difficulties between the North and South, has been tabled, by a vote of 92 to 5. Forney has been elected Secretary of the Senate.

ST. Louis, July 15th, 1861. The latest advices from Southwestern Missouri place 12, 000 Federalists at Springfield. LOUISVILLE, July 15, 1861.

Missouri papers dated 13th inst., three days distant from the seat of war places the beligerents as follows: Three columns of State forces, 10,000 each, under Gov. Jackson, pendence Belge, now asserts that Mr. Rost, another of the are advancing towards Jefferson City. Those under Gens. Rains and Parsons, and Price and

into a reck of land between Warsaw and Osceola. Captain Burbage killed thirty and captured one hundred and fifty Federalists in Cedar county. The Federal prisoners taken at Neosha, have been re

leased after subscribing to some kind of oath. St. Louis, July 15th, 1861. Officers from Springfield on the 12th inst., report all quiet

at that place. BALTIMORE, July 15th, 1861.

Several newspaper reporters are confined in Patterson's guard-house. FROM EUROPE. NEW YORK, July 15th, 1861.

The Steamship Saxonia with dates from Southampton to the 3d inst. has arrived. The Garibaldian assassination plot has been discovered. The Hungarian address being disloyal and hostile to the

of the Blue Ridge, as well as all | penalty of a dissolution of the Diet. LIVERPOOL, July 3 .- Cotton-Sales for the past two days of 45,000 bales, of which speculators and exportors took

id-the market closing with an upward tendency. Breadstuffs steady. Wheat is a shade dearer. Provi-

Consols 891 to 891 for money. The general news is unimportant. LATER. FARTHER POINT, C. E., July 15th, 1861.

The steamship Hibernian has arrived from Liverpool. with dates to the 5th inst. Cotton-Sales for the week of 158,000 bales, speculators) and had sent off bulletins before night, but a courier taking 49,000, and exporters 26,000 bales; -- prices had ad-

vanced id. Friday, July 5 .- Cotton .- Sales to-day of 15,000 bales of which speculators took 6,000. Quotations: Fair Orleans 81d.; Middling do. 81d.

Consols 89 a 894. Bullion in bank had decreased £572,000.

LATER FROM THE SEAT OF WAR.

RICHMOND, July 16th, 1861. Intelligent passengers by this evening's train, state that and is awaiting the arrival of six others, when the the following companies of Col. Pegram's command were engaged in the battle at Rich Mountain: Upshur Grevs, Capt. Higginbotham, all the commissioned officers except the captain were killed; Lee Guards, Captain Irvin, six or orts brought here by passengers relative to the fight | eight killed; Rockbridge Rifles, Capt. Currie, five or six killed; a small portion of Capt. DeLanier's Petersburg Artillery was also engaged, and all killed or wounded. Capt. ander Lieut. Col. Pegram, were engaged with the DeLanier was bayonetted at his cannon, and two of the Loss of the Confederates killed from 30 to 40; Upshur Greys shot his slayers instantly, and killed them.— Another Company, perhaps from Hardy or some other

It is impossible to obtain satisfactory details to satisfy Tennessee. Major General Jere. Clemens commands in the wheat crop will not amount to even half the usual crop. the anxious and painful hearts of thousands of relatives and Alabama. friends.

All the companies engaged were from Virginia. saved from the vandals.

Gen. Garnett's death has been confirmed. But little other-The reporter has labored diligently to obtain the particu. seduced into this wicked war at the bidding, and to satwise is known of his command or battle. that Gen. McCullough, with 12,000 Southerners, had lars, but it is impossible to obtain any.

Latest by Telegraph.

LOUISVILLE, July 17th, 1861. Two of Rousseau's Captains have had an encounter with each other. One received a trifling shot in the head, and Several boats with the first and second bogus Kentucky the other is lodged in the Indiana Penitentiary. Cause of quarrel-stealing each other's recruits.

Joshua A. Jewett is dead. A trunk containing books and buttons has been seized at the Depot here. Pistols were drawn but none were used,

NEW YORK, July 17th, 1861. inhabitants - Journal.] A company of Virginia horsemen has been captured off New Orleans.

Cotton .- Sales of 500 bales at 15% a 15% cents. JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., July 16th, 1861. with three pieces of artillery. The people are flocking to a state of defence.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 16th, 1861. that the American camps are worse than the Crimea. WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16, 1861.

It is probable that advices thence via Pocahontus, may The 500,000 military bill, with the Senate amendments, have reached Little Rock on yesterday, thirty-six hours has been placed on its prssage, and an additional amend-Generals from the regular army. The volunteers to retain Hon. Henry May has returned to this city. He says that their present rank until the close of the war. In the Senate Mr. Breckinridge was speaking in justifica-

WW ALEE LOUISVILLE, KY., July 17th, 1861-P. M.

ed so as that the pursuers had no opportunity of using their | convenience from it either. small arms. So well was the rear guarded, though in the retreat the patriots were twice outflanked by convergent long, and must come to a close, with the best wishes columns of the Federalists, that but twenty of our men were for the welfare of you and your readers-especially the

The Federalists hope that Gen. Hill, now at Oakland, will

harrass the Confederates in their retreat towards Hardy It must be remembered that these troops, (Garnett's) have kept McClellan's columns in check for weeks.

From the New York Daily News. England and France Side with the Southern Con-

federacy. The Niagara and Crusader were to sail immediately in arrived from England, within the last four days, is of the to spend what little they had, without ever having remost menacing and alarming description. Following up the ceived any thing in return, (besides wearing out all their friendly manifestations already exhibited by the Palmers clothing.) do get desperate enough to ask for a "chaw titude of indifference it has assumed to the wishes of the of terbacker "sometimes. Washington administration, large reinforcements o troops are about to be poured into the anadas, and that province is at on e to be put upon a war footing. The Great Eastern will arrive on or about the 3d, and the Golden Fleece ters, Capt. F. I. Faison in the Chair, and Lieut. G. W. on the 14th of July, with three thousand five hundred men, Marsh acting as Secretary, the following preamble and including a battery of the Royal Artillery, and a larger force

will be dispatched if necessary. The London Herald openly avows that the measure has been adopted in antagon sm to the United States, and adds triotic citizens of Smithville for their many acts of courtesy that " i' seems to be inevitable that, before long, the question of a paper blockade should become a subject of serious discussion. The London Times goes further, and says that Washing on has no falter title over Mon gomery than the King of Naples has over Sicily."—Public sentiment in Engineering horses and vehicles for transporting the provisions land seems generally, in fact, to be gradually assimilating they fornished us, while on an unexpected and forced march was captured ; and General Garnett and twenty of his men with the view of Mr. Gregory, that "the interests of France and England are identical on the American question, and that the recognition by these two great powers of the Southe n Confederacy will cause the war party in the Nor h

Some of our leading journals have been inclined to favor valry between that country and France would induce Louis of the Wilmington Journal and request them to copy the my fellow-soldiers. Napoleon to side with the North, for the purpose of accom- same. plishing his ends on the Conti ent of Europe. It now ap-Navy to employ the necessary means to protect commerce | pears, however, that the courts of Lend n and Paris have agreed to adopt the same policy toward the United States, d consider it to be for the advantage of both to break down the unconstitutional blockade of the cotton ports, and acknowledge the de facto independence of the Confed rate states. The powers of surope costemplate the affairs of this hemisphere just as they do those of India, t hina. Africa or Italy, exclusively from the point of view of their own interests. They do not care a straw for up or our institutions, excepting as we may be more or less eligible as producers or cu tomers.

The benefit they can derive from the South is clear, an its products are indispensable to the support of their own population, while the r comperce with the North amounts to but a comparatively small per centige of their trade with the rest of the world. Deprive them of cotton, four million 8 of people in the United Kingdom, and half that number in Lord Lyons has called the attention of the government to France, would be robbed of their daily bread and, to a the fact that private parties were permitted to run the greater or less degree, the shock of such a calamity would be felt by every individual in both of those countries. Insurrections would be almost inevitable in the manufacturing districts, and the very foundations of society whould be shaken by such convulsions as it is to be feared would result from general tack of employment - Neitzer Lord Palmer ton nor the French Emperor will run the risk of encountering a catastrophe which can be avoided at the small cost of hostilities with an insane government like that of President Lincoln, whose misrule has already been so stupendous that it will be the by-word of mankind for ages to

It has been known for over a month, that communications have been received by Mr. Jefferson Davis from Mr. Yancey, in which the latter gentleman conveys the most glowing accounts of the manner in which he had been everywhere received, and of the prospects he entertans of securing the objects of his mission. A Paris letter, in the Indesouthern Commissioners to Europe, has had an audience with Lord Palmerston, and received a positive assurance from the Premier, that England will recognize the indepenthe ricket guard, and about day-light another McCullough, have driven the concentrated Federal forces dence of the Southern States at no distant period. It also quotes Mr. Rost as having reported that the action of France will be uniform with that of England, though not simu taneous, nor the re-ult of any direct diplomanc understanding between the two countries. The prediction, some weeks ago, of a correspondent of the Paris Montieur, is, indeed, on the eve of being ve ified, that "it is not probable that a blockade will be recognized which deprives the powers of Europe of a raw material necessary for their manuf-ctures. and upon which depends the daily bread of millions of their subjects." England and France cannot be imposed upon, as are the people of the Northern States, by the false pretences of the administration; nor are the two greatest na tions on earth to be frightened by the feeble, ridiculous threat that their representatives at Washington will be handed their passports

In a word, Mr. Lincoln and his advisers, having brought the country to the verge of destruction at home; substitued a tyranny for a Republican form of government; trampled under foot every requirement of the constitution, and perpetrated enormities unparalleled in modern times, have finally swaggered such absurd pretensions before foreign nations, that there is every chance of our being involved in a war with both England and France before the close of er Sonora had sailed thence for New York with \$2,065,365. crown, has been returned with orders to modify it under the this year. Is the United States prepared to meet such an It will take a good many such shipments to swell up Linincrease of embarrassment? Before many days a battie will coln's \$100,000,000, even should it all escape the privateers. have been fought in Virginia. rious, it will prepare the way for renewed conflicts. God its destination. only knows where our civil war will end. Can we bear the 24,000. Prices had advanced fully id., and in some cases superadded burden of hostilities with nations possessing the most powerful fleets and armies that have ever existed since shall no longer wave outside of our harbors; when our commerce shall have been destroyed, and our shipping annihilated; when our ports are, in their turn, blockaded, will any party in the land still continue to applaud the wicked policy which has plunged the Republic into such an abyss in market. of evils? Alas, we are already fallen to such a condition of moral and physical impotency, that only an interposition of

the Almights can recover us. GENERALS IN THE CONFEDERATE STATES SERVICE .- The following is a list of the Generals appointed in the Provisional and Regular armies of the Confederate States :

GENERALS IN THE REGULAR ARMY. Samuel Cooper, Va., Adjutant General U. S. A. 2. Joseph E. Johnston, Va., Q. M. General U. S. A. 3. Robt. E. Lee, Va., Col. of Cavalry U. S. A. MAJOR GENERALS IN THE PROVISIONAL ARMY. 1. David E. Twiggs, Ga., Brigadier Gen. U. S. A. 2. Leonidas Polk, La., Episcopal Bishop of La. BRIGADIER GENERALS IN THE PROVISIONAL ARMY. 1. P. G. T. Beauregard, La., Capt. Engs. U. S. A. 2. Braxion Bragg, La., Captain Artiliery U. S. A. 3. M. L. Bonham, S. C., Congressman from S. C. 4. John B. Floyd, Va., U. S. Secretary of War.

5. Ben McCullough, Texas, Msj. Texas Rangers. S. Wm. H. T. Walker, Ga., Lt. Col. Infantry U. S. A. 7. Henry A. Wise, Va., late Governor of Va. 8. H. R. Jackson, Ga., late Minister to Austria. 9. Barnard E. Bee, S. C., Captain Infantry U. S. A. 10. Nathan G. Evans, S. C., Major Infantry U. S. A. 11. John B. Magrucer, Va., Major Artillery U S. A. 12. Wm. J. Hardee, Ga., Lt. Col. Cavalry U. S. A.

13. Benj. Huger, S. C., Major Ordnance U. S. A. 14. Robert S. Garnett, Va., Major Infantry U. S. A. There have been other appointments made, but they are not yet known outside of the War flice. Generals Fauntleroy, Winder, Cocke, Ruggles and Holmes are in the Provisional Army of Virginia General Gwynn and Gatlin, are in the Provisional Army of North Carolina. G nerals Pilow and Anderson have appointments as Major Generals in

A NORTHERN BISHOP ON THE WAR QUESTION .- The guage, the unnatural war now waged by the North were, of course, discharged. against the South. He declared almost incredible the folly of the people, who had allowed themselves to be isfy the caprice, of a few Northern fanatics.

For the Journal.

FORT CASWELL, July 10th, 1861. Messrs. EDITORS :- Thinking perhaps you and your North Carolina, and late U. S. Senator, has received readers would like to hear occasionally from this point, (since communication has in some measure been sus- Excellency, Gov. Clark. pended between here and Wilmington lately.) I have nothing but what would be right to publish.

ramparts, which were then almost destitute of guns, are will prudently apply all the means which extensive 33 cents per lb. by the keg. now bristling with them of various calibre and range; knowledge and sound discretion can supply. The Schooner Ella, from Tampico, bound to New York, it, indeed, presents quite a formidable appearance. I think we could be able to blow any fleet that "old Bragg affords another pleasing commentary on the pat- quote by the quantity at 17 cents for hog round, and 18 a Ahe" could send in here back to sea quicker than " chain lightning could run round a turnip patch." A

Yesterday evening several of us were remarking about the state of defence in which the Fort had been placed Fussell, the correspondent of the Lond n Times, says since taken possession of by the Carolinians; its advantages and d sadvantages in case of attack, etc., some one made a remark that the Federal Government had a A bill has passed the House, calling out the militia to slight advantage of us in so far that they had the origisuppress the rebellion. The militia to be discharged sixty | nal plans and designs on which our Forts where erect-The latest reliable advices via St. Louis from Southwest- days after the next Congress, unless Congress otherwise ed in the war office at Washington, and in a battle would be used to advantage against us. A demure looking individual standing by remarked: "Yes, but there has been something put in here since the war comment effered that the President select Brigadier and Major is that?" remarked one. "A garrison," said he, quietly. This, tenth day of July, must be very hot and sultry in town, it is now about the hour of one, and it is tolerable warm here, but we have the advantage of a cool

sea breeze, which is almost perpetual. It is remarkable what good health the men enjoy ent, besides hunbreds of other visitors, the honored Chief down here considering the number. There is no serious | Magistrate of the Southern Confederacy. All who saw the cases at present in the garrison as I know et. In fact there is no doctor here, and so far as I know, no use for Gen. Garnett's forces numbered 5,000. McClellan's force The greatest complaints being the entire absence (in our one. The men generally are cheerful and contented .around Booneville. There is nothing reliable from the was 22.000 divided in three columns. Morris had flanked compan) of smoking and chewing tobacco and pipes, the patriots on the North, McClellan on the South, with and everybody recommends smoking down here to keep er shades of the "Manning and Watson Guards, had a splea-Rosincrantz approaching in front. The patriots stood their off sickness, and I believe it is good. As for whiskey did effect President Davis rode through the camp, and It is stated that the Confederate steamer Sumter has seiz- ground to the last possible moment that they could do so we don't want it—that is, we privates; we can do without it; the fact is, some of us have been used to doing and bearing of the Legion. The latter are but a small pro-The retreat must have been admirably made; and manag- without it all our lives, and never experienced any in- state has sent to the assistance of her ancient ally, Virginia,

Well, I have already spun this dry epistle out too fairer portion. I tell you we young bachelors are "on North Carolina, and expect to go to Virginia, I am no lon-At last accounts the Confederates were retreating towards | pins " every time we hear from home, for fear that we | ger a candidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk of will hear of some of our old sweethearts getting married this County. during our absence. Do, girls, wait till the war ends, July 15, 1861. and you will have plenty of beauxs, for all the young men now in service are determined on getting married as soon as it is over.

Hoping some of your benevolent readers will send us a "chew of tobacco" occasionally.

I remain, yours, &c. C. F. L. A. P. S. Your readers, I hope Mr. Editor, will not think hard of such broad hints as are contained in this The intelligence received by the two steamers that have letter. Men who have been in service just long enough

> FORT JOHNSON, N. C. July 16th, 1861. At a meeting of the Sampson Rangers held in their quarresolutions were introduced by W. S. Devane, Esq., and lieut. Robert A. Moseley, which were unanimously passed R-solved, That we tender our sincere thanks to the pa- TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY. and kinduess extended to us since we have been quartered in their midst Resolved, That they are fully entitled to our lasting grati-

on the 14 h and 15th inst Resolve I. That the patriotic women of Smithville have won our admiration by their devotion to the cause in which we are engaged, and that we will ever prove ready while to pause, before plunging their countrymen deeper into the stationed here, to defend them from insult and injury from a candidate for the office of County Court Clerk of your any source whatever. On motion of Lieut, J. C. Holmes, or leved that the sec-

> Capt. F. I. FAISON, Chairman. Lient, G. W. MARSH, Secretary. The Nent, ality of Kentucky. There is one point in the message of the Northern usurer, (says the Nashville Union,) that is calculated to open he eyes of all who have advicated neutrality in either o the South rn States. It is part cularly adapted to the condition of Kentu ky. Many of the people of that State have advocated strict new rality between the North and the South, TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY. believing that they would be enabled to keep themselves ree from the controversy, and save their State from the

priors of war. The Legislature of the State adopted resolutions declarng that Kentucky would remain neutral in the contest, and would not permit the passage of troops over her soil from either party. The Governor, in accordance with these res olution, issued a proclamation wasning both parties from violating this neutrality. rasmuch as all of Lincoln's acts were gross usu pations of power and clearly in derogation of th Constitution, bentucky had a perfect right to assume his position, because any all giance she owes to the Federal Government is under and by virtue of the Constitution. and when that is violated and disregarded, she is at perfect berty to refuse chedience to an unconstitutional authority. But it was a delu-ion to suppose that the usurper would respect this n utrality. Assuming that, while a State remains in the Union, it is bound to obey all its edicts, no matter how arbitrary or uncons i utional, he claims perfect a legiance and demands the right to prosecute hostilities against the Southe in States across Kentuck, soil. He says that this neutrality is impossible and would "tie the hands

f Unionists and feed the insurrectionists ' The objection to it, as thus stated, is that it will prevent Lincoln from carrying on a war of invasion against the states which lie beyond the neutral territory. He says it recognizes no fidelity to the Constitution, and no obligan this war simply brands Lincoln's acts as usurpations, and the Umon which upholds them as a despotism. But his acts being usurpations, and his Union a dispotism neutrality to it is not enough. Armed hostility to it can alone save a State from its encroachments, and preserve the liberties and rights of the States and of the people .-Lincoln will not recognize such neutrality. Nothing wil do but abject obedience to his tyranny, and submission to his usurpations. Will Kentucky obey, like a slave, this last decree of the usurper? Will she cringe and cr uch at made the theatre of hostilities forced upon her unwillingly by this tyrant, without arousing her ancient manhood and on under the mockery of upholding free government upon the earth? Will she adopt all of Liocoln's sophisms, and approve his perjured acts, by which he has overturned the onsitution and would now make slaves of the whole South? The issue is fairly made up by the usurper, and

upon the response she may give. From the Pacific Coast. Late intelligence from San Francisco states that the steam-

Ken ucky must now choose her course It remains to be

seen how she will act. Her glory or her shame depends

tion is victo. and be given up to the Hessian government on arriving at The following articles are from the San Francisco papers: Trade remains completely stagnent. Money is plenty, but the rates of interest to borrowers vary considerably .the earth emerged from chaos? When the American flag Exchange on New York is at 5 to 6 per cent. discount .-Some important sales of wheat, to make up a cargo of the hip Old Colony, have been made at \$1 824 to \$1 90 per

100 lbs.

The Federal appointees under the present Administration are nearly all New Englanders. Under the last Administration they were nearly all natives of the Southern States, with a preponderance in favor of Virginia. General Johnson, formerly stationed in the military command of this coast, was still at Los Angelos on the 15th instant. A valuable service of silver plate had been presented to him by his California friends. It is rumored that he

Samples of new wheat begin to make their appearance

will shortly leave for Texas by the overland route, and will be accompanied by some fifty Californians, who seek service under Jefferson Davis. General Johnson had received oformation from Washington that his resignation from the Federal army was accepted. The Los Angelos Star, of the 15th inst., contains news rom Alizona and the South-eastern borders of the State .since the discontinuance of the overland mail, the Apache In lians have become alarmingly hostile. At last accounts they appeared to have full control of Arizona Territory, and nei her persons nor property were safe there. The m litary at Fort Buchanan are represented as affording no protection, remaining close within their posts.

The teamer Cortez arrived at San Francisco, 20th, from

Portland, Oregon, bringing a battalion of United States in

tantry, consisting of two companies of the Fourth regi-

Dates from Oregon are to the 17th. Intelligence from L'ent. Mallins' e pedition had been received. They had crossed the Spokari river, 15 miles northeast from Walla-Walla. A bridge, 105 feet in length, had been constructed across Little Spokari. Never since the settlement of Oregon have the crops been as backward as the present spring. During the fore part of the week the rain was almost ince-sant, and the weather was more like April than June. Farmers say if this kind of weather should continue three weeks longer,

Grass is generally good. The Puget Sound Herald, of the 6th, says: Yesterday the officers and seamen of the United States steamer Mas-

ALL PERSONS indebted to the JOURNAL in any manlarge or small amounts.

APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR .- We are happy to learn that the Hon. Thomas Bragg, ex-Governor of

and accepted the appointment of Aid-de-Camp to his No appointment which could have been made, in any taken the liberty of indicting a few lines, which, if you department of the Government, could have shadowed see proper, you can publish. I will endeavor to write forth, in a bolder light, the wisdom and sagacity of the Administration, than that conferred on ex-Governor Since I have been here (about nine weeks,) the Fort Bragg. It is a sure presage to the people that wisdom and experience in the administration of public affairs, ginia, and the market is better supplied. We quote at 30 to

The acceptance of this appointment by ex-Governor mand, and parcels would sell quick at high figures. We riotism of our representative men, who no matter what Four thousand Missourians have gathered at Georgetown, great deal of work has been done in putting the Fort in ty to whatever post assigned them, if it affords a probaoility of their being thereby enabled to serve the country. Such has been ex-Gov. Bragg's course in accepting this appointment, and we congratulate Governor Clark and the people of North Carolina on having been able to secure in this capacity the efficient services of so distinguished a gentleman in the present juncture. State Journal.

> APPOINTMENTS BY THE GOVERNOR AND MILITARY BOARD. - Rev. M. Berry, of Lincoln, to be Chaplain of the thirteenth regiment North Carolina Volunteers. A. J. DeRosset, Jr., to be second class Drill Master second regiment State troops.

P. Neal and - Stafford to be Drill Masters eleventh regiment North Carolina volunteers. - State Journal.

HAMPTON'S LEGION .- This Legion which is now encamped below the city, at Camp 'himboraze, had a magnificent parrade of all its force on the 8th inst., at which was presarray, were most favorably impressed with their appearance and getlemanly and soldierly bearing. As company after company came promptly into line, the grey dress of the "Washingtons," the darker hue of the "Davis Guards." the green hunter-like, loose fitting coat of the "Gist Rifles, expressed himself as entirely satisfied with the appearance but they are a host within themselves .- Rich. Disputch.

A CARD.

As I have received an oppointment in the State Troops of JULIUS W. WRIGHT.

JULY 1ST 1861.

EVERY ACCOUNT is made out-all are due and many are post due. Our friends will greatly oblige by making PROMPT PAY

BOOKS CLOSED-NO MORE CREDIT. LET US PAY EACH OTHER

O. S. BALDWIN. 3 Market Street, Wilmington, N. C.

254 eod-14t-46-2t July 5th, 1861 We are authorized to announce OWEN FENNELL, r., as a candidate for the office of COUNTY COURT CLERK of New Hanover County, at the election in August

March 12th, 1861. 157&29-te* I OFFER MYSELF as a Cardidate for the Office of SU-PERIOR COURT CLERK, and respectfully solicit your votes at the ensuing election in August next. H. A. BAGG.

March 28, 1861. 31-te-178-te FELLOW CITIZENS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY I TAKE THIS METHOD of informing you that, if peace shall have been proclaimed by the 1st of August, I am still County .- but in the event that old Abe persists in waging the idea of a war with England, on the ground that the ii- retary forward a copy of the above resolution to the Edi ors | war against us, so long am I determined to cast my lot with

> Now, Fellow Citizens: I have only to tender to you my sincere thanks for the liberal support which was promised me in the coming election, and hope that ere long peace shall again smile on our land, and I shall have made myself more worthy of your suffrages.

July 12th, 1861-260-tf. TEOS. H. W. McINTIRE. HOPING that I have heretofore discharged the duties of the office of Clerk of the County Court of this County to the satisfaction of all concerned, and returning to you my thanks for your former liberal support, I respectfully offer myself as a candidate for re-election to that office, at the ensuing election on the first Thursday in August next.

SAML. R. BUNTING. March 21st, 1861. TO THE VOTERS OF NEW HANOVER COUNTY. I OFFER myself as a caudidate for the office of Superior Court Clerk of New Hanover County, at the election to be WM. M. HARRISS. held in August next.

April 6th, 1861 Wilmington District-Third Round. REV. DR. DEEMS'S APPOINTMENTS.

..... Shallotte Village 13, 14, Smi hville Scott's Hill :0, 21, Topsail Wayman. Front Street " 27, 24, Elizabeth Aug. 3, 4, Wilmington 5, 6, 7, Sampson*Goshen " 10, 11, Bladent . Antioch " 17. 18, Wilmington Fifth Street. Tabernacle " 24, 25, Onslow *The Quarterly Conference for Sampson will be held on Wednesday, the 7th. tlt is very important that all the members of the Bladen

Quarterly Conference be at the next session.

MARRIED In Sampson county, on the 9th of July, at the residence his feet and be driven by his scourge into internecine war upon her Southern sisters? Will she : llow her soil to be RY E. SMITH, to Miss ANNA POWELL, all of Sampson. At the residence of the bride's father, on the 14th inst., by the Rev. Thomas H. Britt, Mr. JOHN C. MOONEY, to chivalry and resisting an unconstitutional tyranny, carried AMELIA, eld at daughter of John Norris, Esq., all of Brunswick County.

DIED. In this town, on the 15th inst., of Hydrocephaulus, WIL-LIAM, only child of John and Mary F. Judge, aged 6 months.

In this town on Faturday, 13th inst., CHARLES E. NIE-MYER, aged 2 years, 6 months and 7 days. In Cumberland County on the 10th ult., Mr. JOHN Mc DUFFIE, aged eighty seven years. Georgia and Alabama Papers please copy. In Richmond, on the 9th day of July, at the residence of John E. Epps, Esq., THOMAS S. PRICE, (a native of North

Carolina), Orderly Sergeant of the Arkansas Travellers, with pneumonia, after a severe illness of ten days' suffering, ages to years. At her residence, in New Hanover County, at 6 o'clock P. M., July 10th, 1861, MRS. S. E. CROOM, aged 38 years. consort of N. R. Croom, Esq.

Sister Croom had been a member of Morris' Creek Baptist Church for 19 years, which relation she sustained with becoming consistency up to the hour of her death. For some months she has been a great sufferer. Though beloved by her tellow-christians, and esteemed for her piety, yet at times she was disposed to doubt, and frequently to question her acceptance with God. Within the last few months, however, she was induced from the nature of her disease (Cancel) to look upon life as transient, and death as a realty at any moment,-consequently she became more calm and confident, and while she was willing to abide the time of her Master, yet death seemed more preferable than life. She was willing, yes, anxious, to depart and be with Christ. An aged mother, an affectionate husband and children, with other dear relatives and friends, live to tament their loss, but her eternal gain. May the bosom of God be the PASTOR. * home of her soul.

UNIFORMS FOR COMPANIES.

Raleigh and Fayetteville papers please copy.

Cavalry Companies. Cavalry Companies-Articlery Companies, Artillery Companies-Infantry! Infantry!! Infantry!!! Two Military Cutters. Two Military Cutters,-One hundred workmen employed on Uniforms !-Cheap! Cheap!! Cheap!!! By the thousand Suits !-Military Battons, Buttons for Cavalry Companies. Call at BALDWIN'S. BALDWIN'S. 38 Market Street,

July 16th, 1861-d&w. Wilmington, N. C. TRINITY COLLEGE, N. C. THE NEXT SESSION WILL COMMENCE August 14th.

Terms remain unchanged. The location is remote from the probable seat of war, and every way favorable to study. The Trustees have established an efficient Military Depart-Rt. Rev. James Roosevelt Bayley, Bishop of Newark, sachusetts were sworn, in compliance with the recent order of the Government. Several of the men refused to will be conducted by the best instructors, and will be as Beverly was taken possession of by the Federal troops on N. J., in d dicating a Church on Sunday, 231 ult., had take the oath of allegiance, alleging that after signing the extensive as in the best Military Schools. The Military Friday noon. 'The Confederate's stores were nearly all the boldness and patriotism to condemn, in strong lan- articles of agreement no such oath could be exacted. They Department will be open to all who may desire to enter, To accommodate our friends, we shall commence a Military School June 26th, and continue till August 14th. This will be a fine opportunity for those who wish to remain B. CRAVEN, President.

COMMERCIAL.

Latest dates from Liverpool...... WILMINGTON MARKET, July 17. There is scarcely any business now doing, and consequent-

we have no sales to report. Below we give the prices of BFEF CATTLE-Grass fatted sell at 5 to 6 cents per lb., as BUTTER-Several parcels have been received from Vir-

BACON .- No receipts of consequence, and the market is almost entirely bare of N. C. cured. There is a brisk de-20 cents per lb. for hams. Coffee -Is in demand, and market almost entirely bare.

We quote Rio at 28 to 30 cents per lb. ORN MEAL -90 to 95 cents per bushel. CORN-None received ; fu'l supply on market. We quote

nominally at 70 to 75 cents per bush 1. FGGS-18 to 20 cents per dozen. FLOUR-Is in fair supply, and little or no demand. We note State brands at \$6 to \$6 50 per bbl. for superfine, by

LARD-N. C. sells at 16 to 17 cents. M. LASSES .- Fair supply of Cuba on market. Selling from irst hands at 34 a 35 cents in bbls., and 30 a 32 cents per NAVAL STORES .- Nothing of consequence has been done since our last, and it is impossible to give a quotat on

POTATOES .- Irish sell from carts at 80 cents to \$1 per Poultry-Chickens sell at 121 to 20 cents for half grown, and 30 cents for grown. SALT-Stock light. From store we quote at \$3 per sack or Liverpool grann

FAYETTEVILLE, July 15 .- Bacon 164 a 17 cents; Beeswax 20 a 0J; totton-Fair to good 124 a 00. Ordinary to Middling Si a 10; Feathers 45 a 50; Flour-Family \$6 00 a \$6 25, Super. \$5 75 a \$6 00, Fine \$5 50 a \$5 75, Scratched \$5 25 a \$5 50; Grain-Corn 90 a 95 cents, Wheat \$1 25 a members of the Legion as they were drawn up in battle \$0 00, Rye \$1 25. Oats 40 a 50 cents, Peas \$1 00 a \$1 20; Lard 18 a 00 cents; Molasses-Cuba 35 a 40 cents, New Orleans 50 a 00 cents; Salt-Liverpool Sack \$3 00 a \$0 00, Alum \$1 00 a 00: Flaxseed \$1 00 a \$1 1); Spirits-Peach Brandy \$1 00 a \$1 25, N. C. Apple do., 60 a 65 cents, do. Whisk; 60 a 65 cents; Tallow 10 a 00 cents; Wool 19 a 20 cents; Turpentine-Yellow Dip \$1 00 a \$0 00, Virgin 00 oc, Hard 35 a 00 cents, spirits 23 a 00 cents.

Several loads of Bacon in to-day. Selling at 161 to 17 Business having been so unsettled we have omitted the above table for some weeks. It has now been carefully corrected; but the variations are so frequent that prices cannot be so much relied on as in ordinary times. - Observer.

TERMS CASH. IN consequence of the depressed condition of affairs in a mercantile point of view, and the utter impossibility of purchasing goods except for cash, we are under the necessity of selling only on the same terms. We will be unable to continue our business unless the above terms are strictly adhered to. WHITEHEAD & SOUTHERLAND. Kenansville, N. C., July 10th, 1861.

CAMP-BEDS, CAMP-STOOLS A ND CAMP TABLES at reduced figures for cash, to close out the balance of stock on hand. Those indebted to us for above articles, will confer a fawor by paying for the same at once. M. NEWHOF?, July 17th, 1861-47-5t* Market Street.

TAKEN UP. A HORSE MULE, 15 hands high, (or five feet,) and about 12 years old, and of a dark bay color, and no particular flesh marks worth noting. Valued two tree holders at one hundred dollars. The Mule was taken up by Mr. J. G. Pickett, 134 miles below Wilmington, near the niver and Sound. The owner is hereby notified that he must come forward, prove property and pay charges and take him away, or he will be dealt with as the law di-ARTHUR C. SMITH, Ranger.

D of fancy colored Morocco, Patent Enameled and Kip eather, Knapsacks, Haversacks, Cartridge Boxes, Gun Cap Boxes, Bayonet, Pistol and Dirk Sheaths, Pistol Cases, spurs, Bits, Repeaters, Revolvers, Rifle Barrel and other Pistols, Swords, and all other necessary equipments for Intantry Companies; Military Riding Saddles, and all other equipments for Cavalry Companies, at JAMES WILSON'S

PRIME article of Butter, just received and for sale by June 27th, 1861. L. B. HUGGINS & S) NS. COFFEE! COFFEE! E bave on hand a good supply of prime Rio Coffee.

50 CASKS PRIME CHARLESTON RICE; 10 half Chests Tea; 100 kegs Nails. For sale by G. C. & W. J. MUNRO.

July 6, 1861. LISS GLUE. VERY GOOD AND USEFUL ARTICLE. For sale at KELLEY'S BOOK STORE.

KELLEY'S BOOK STORE. NORTH CAROLINA BACON. 1500 LBS. North Carolina Bacou, in store and for L. B. HUGGINS & SONS. L. B. HUGGINS & SONS.

FRONT STREET, BELOW MARKET, WILMINGTON, N. O. L. A. HART & JOHN C. BAILEY, Proprietors, PRACTICAL BUILDERS of portable and stationary Steam Engines, of any required power and kind of boiler, saw mills, grist mills, gin gearings, and any other kind of machinery made in any establishment South. Have on hand a large variety of patterns for machinery now in general use in the surrounding country. Will supply drafts of all kinds of machinery and mil work. Turpentine stills

to be as represented. In connection with the above establishment, we have on hand a large stock of rubber and leather belting, lacing, packing rivets, and mill rocks and botting cloth for griat mills. Mill Saws and Circular Saws of any size and gauge,

FROM AND AFTER 1st JULY, 1861, LL accounts will be discontinued, except by special J. M. ROBINSON & SON. A agreement.

MILITARY FLANNELS. YARDS RED, WHITE, BLUE AND GREY 2000 yards Purple Grey ! Cassimere for line Uniforms! Officers! Officers! Officers! Officers! Can be uniformed-State style. Two Cutters! Two Cutters! Two Cutters! Two Cutters!

One hundred hands ! BALDWIN'S, July 11th, 1861-d&w Wilmington, N. C. BY EXPRESS TH 8 MORNING : UST RECEIVED, a choice lot of Butter from Virginia, which we are selling cheap in lots to suit for cash. July 13th, 1861. L. B. HUGGINS & SONS.

One hundred hands!

WORTH & DANIEL. SUNDRIES. BBLS. FO. 2 AND 3 MACKEREL; 25 bbls. extra Kentucky Lard; 25 kegs " 10 hhds. Muscovado and P. R. Sugars : 200 bbls. Flour, all grades; 100 baga " Super;

75 bbis, common Whiskey; 75 " Puryear's and other N. C. Whiskies : 10 " Apple and Peach Brandy; 150 boxes Tobacco, some very low priced; Coffee, Tea, Sugar, Syrup, Molasses, &c. For sale WORTH & DANIEL. July 11th NEW GOODS.

CLARK & TURLINGTON. July 10th, 1861 GROCERIES! GROCERIES!! WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY INFORM our friends, and Merchants generally, that we have now on hand a large and well selected stock of FAMILY GROCERIES. consisting of Bacon, Sugars, of all grades, Rio Coffee, Mess

etc., all of which will be sold low for Cash. COX, KENDALL & CO. March 20 1861. 164&30-tf COLT'S PISTOLS! MILITARY GOODS! FINE GRAY CASSIMERES, &c., &c.,

At BALDWIN'S, July 12th, 1861. Wilmington, N. C. CMITH & WESSON PISTOLS. CARTRIDGES FOR PISTOLS. At BALDWIN'S,

Wilmington, N. C.

July 17th, 1861.

New Hanover Co., N. C., Jaly 18th, 1861 DODY, PISTOL, GUN, AND OFFICERS' BELTS,

Harness, Trunk, Saddlery, Leather and Oil Establishment, No. 5 Market street. BUTTER_BUTTER.

WORTH & DANIEL. RICE, CANDLES, TEA, NAILS.

BLANK BOOKS. LARGE supply of different varieties, at KELLEY'S BOOK STORE.

July 6, 1811. MUCILAGE. IN BOTTLES OF VARIOUS SIZES. For sale at

June 27th, 1861. WILMINGTON IRON AND COPPER WORKS,

and copper work in all its branches. All kinds of iron and brass castings, finished or unfinished, at short notice. Old machinery overhauled and repaired. All work warranted

furnished at short notice.

One hundred hands

BUTTER_BUTTER. WE have perfected arrangements to receive by Express every week, the very best VIRGINIA BUTTER .-Our patrons will please take notice.

20 2500 lbs. N. C. Sides and Shoulders;

22 BAGS ST. DOMINGO COFFEE; 500 bushels Alum Salt. For sale by

Pork, Candles, Tobacco, Cigara, Pepper, Spice, Sauff, etc.,

July 12th, 1861.